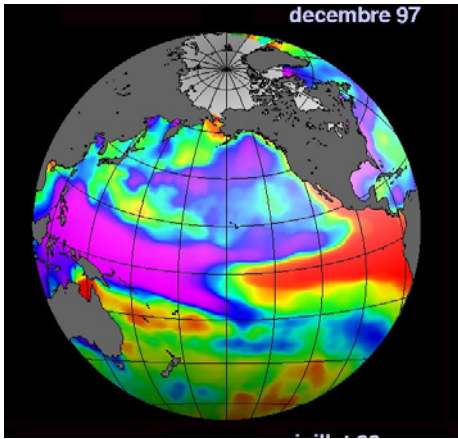


# ENSO, global mean sea level, global water cycle and north Pacific ocean mass

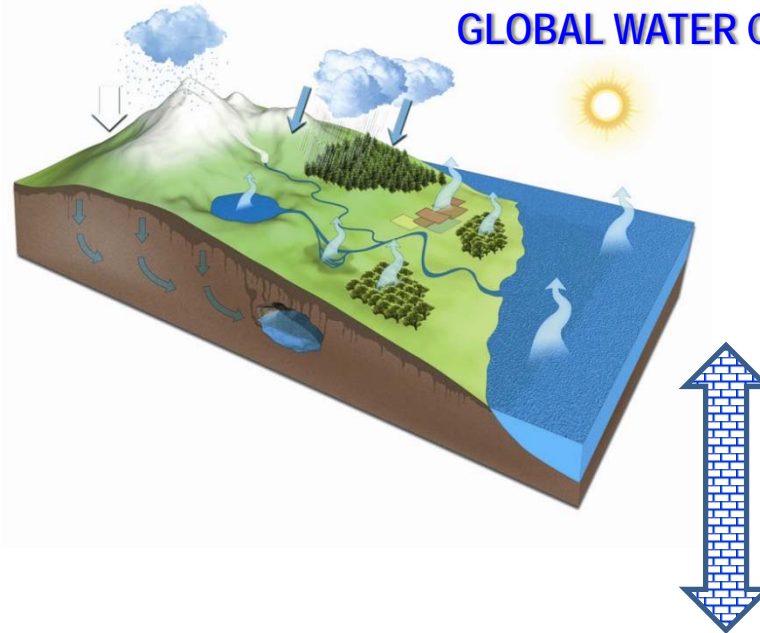
A. Cazenave<sup>1</sup>, O. Henry<sup>1</sup>, W. Llovel<sup>2</sup>, S. Munier<sup>1</sup>, B. Meyssignac<sup>1</sup>,  
H. Palanisamy<sup>1</sup> and M. Becker<sup>3</sup>

1. LEGOS-CNES, Toulouse, France
2. JPL, Pasadena, USA
3. University of Cayenne, Guyane

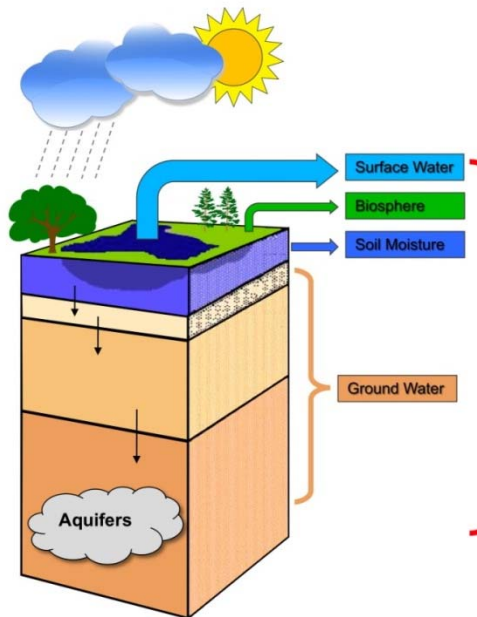
# ENSO



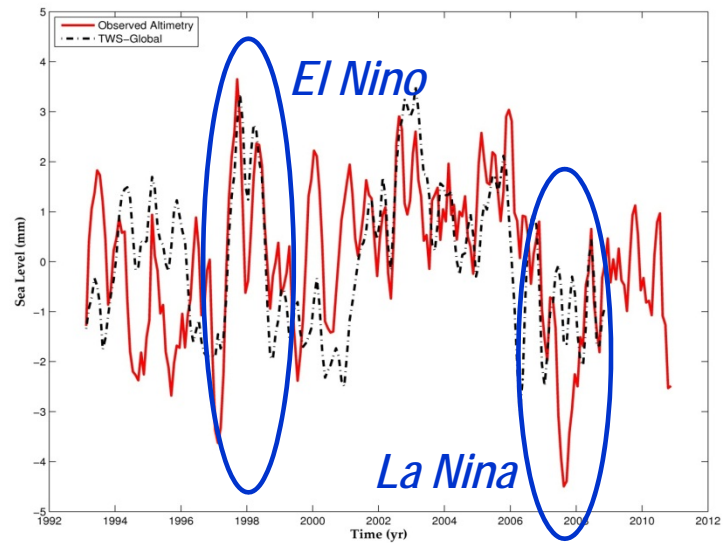
# GLOBAL WATER CYCLE

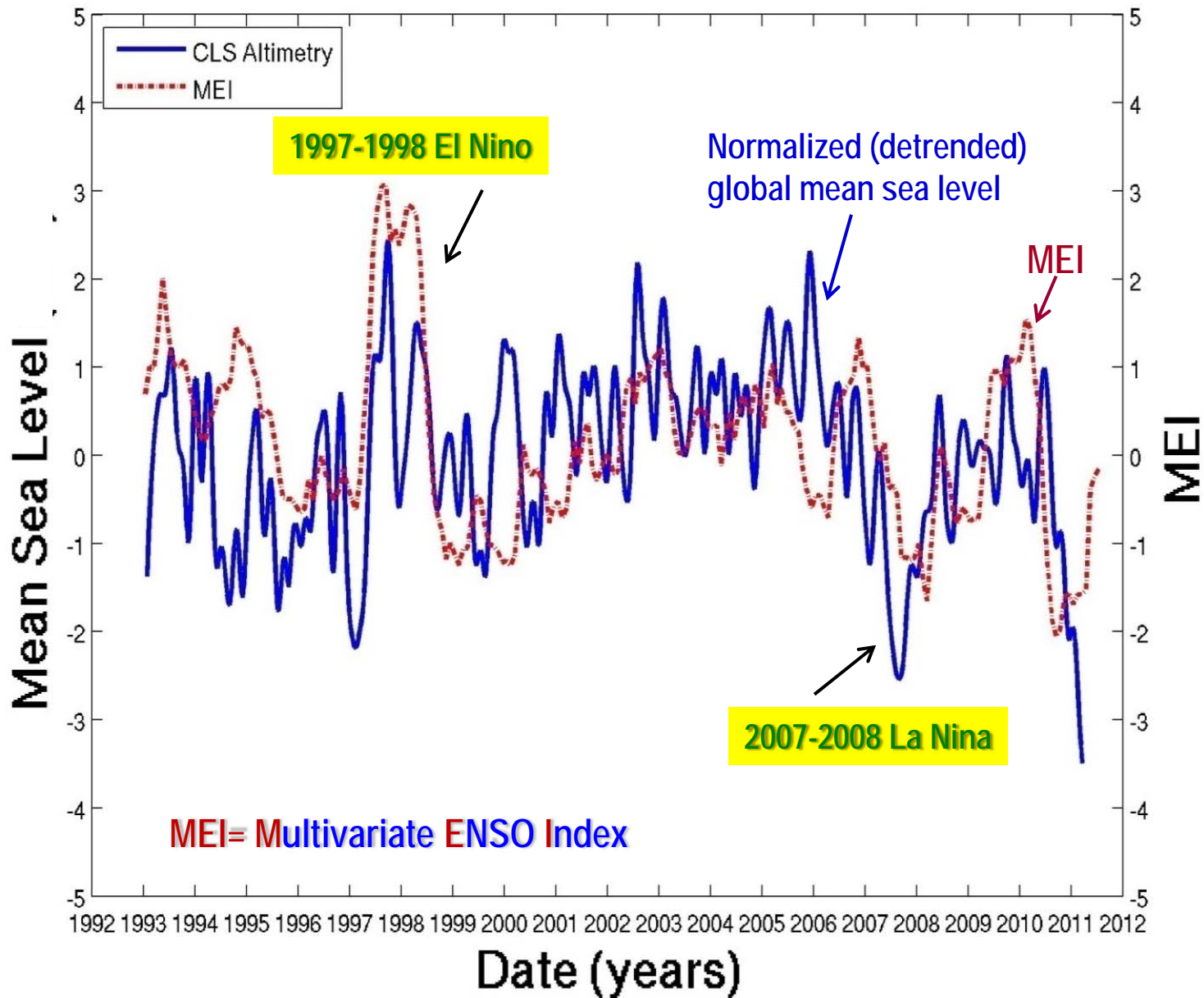


# Land water storage



# Global mean sea level



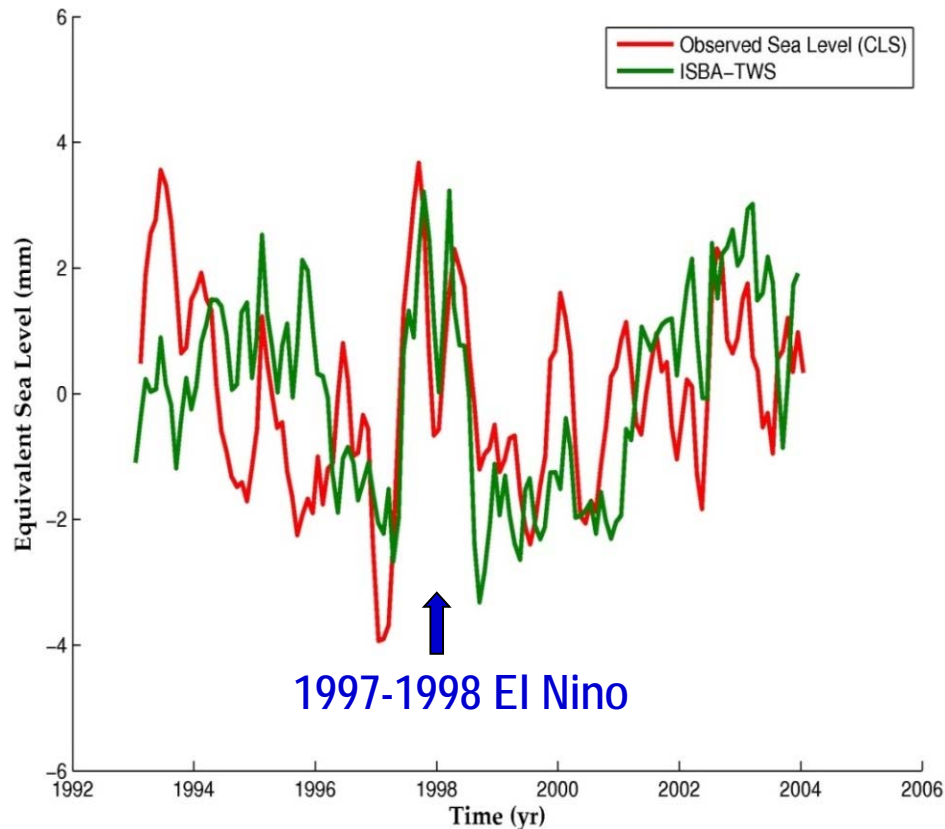


*e.g., Nerem et al., 2010*

# Interannual global mean sea level

Global land water storage (based on the MeteoFrance hydrological model) \*

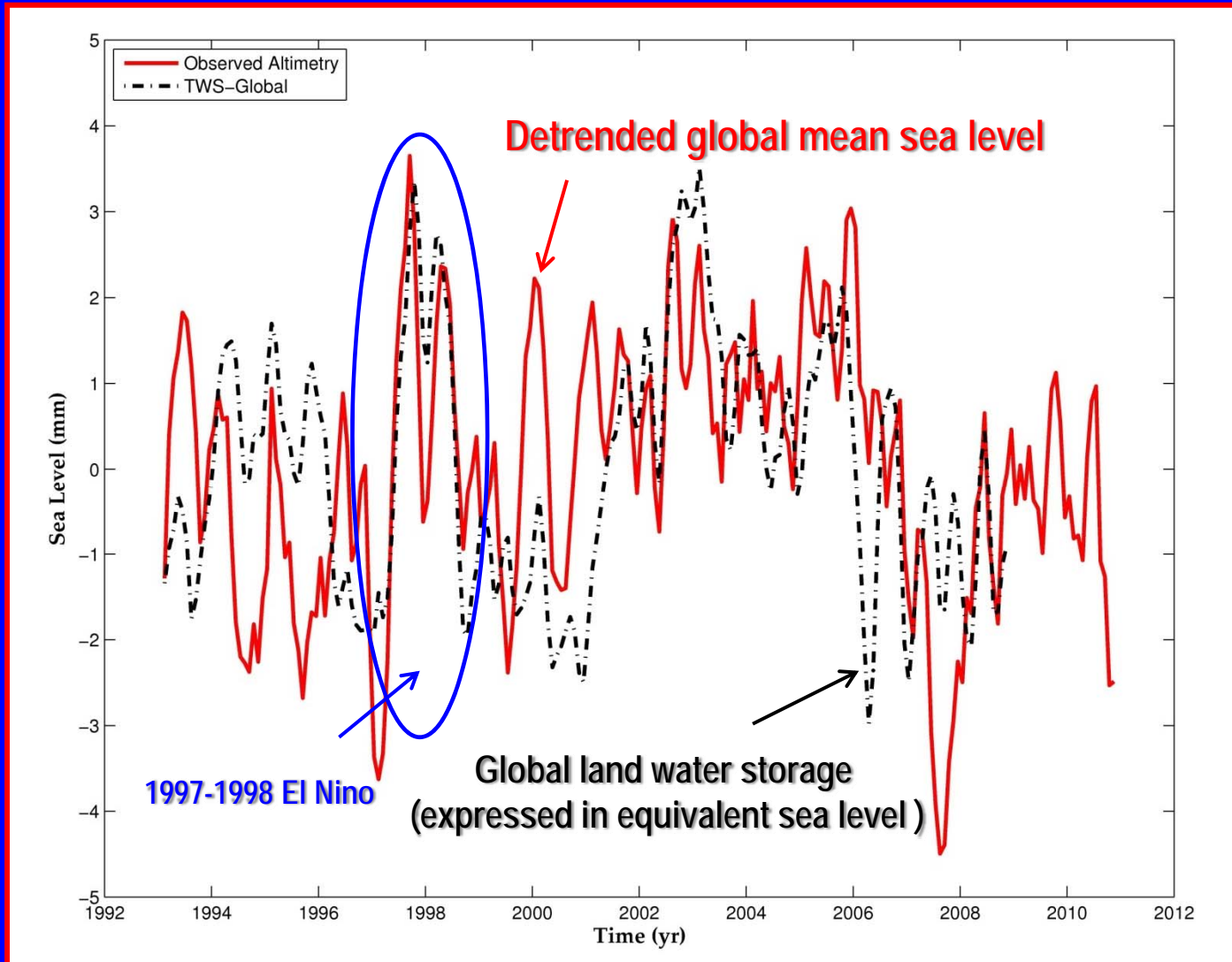
Detrended global mean sea level



*Llovel et al., 2011*

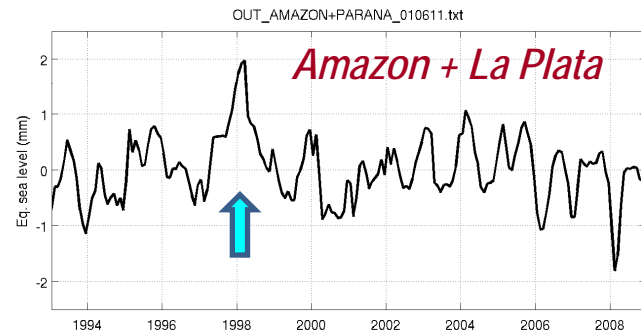
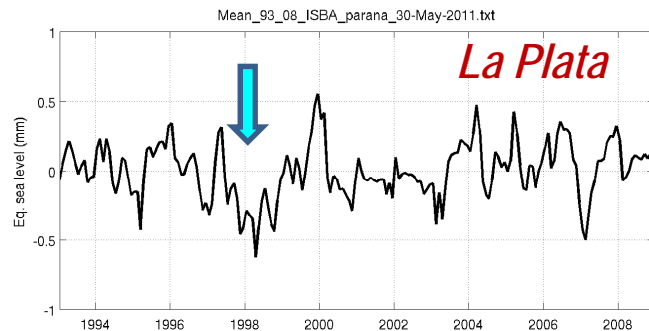
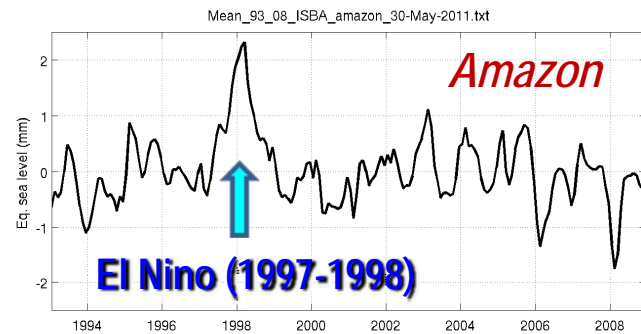
\* Expressed in equivalent sea level

# Detrended global mean sea level and total land water storage (based on the MeteoFrance hydrological model)



Update of Llovel et al. (2011)' study

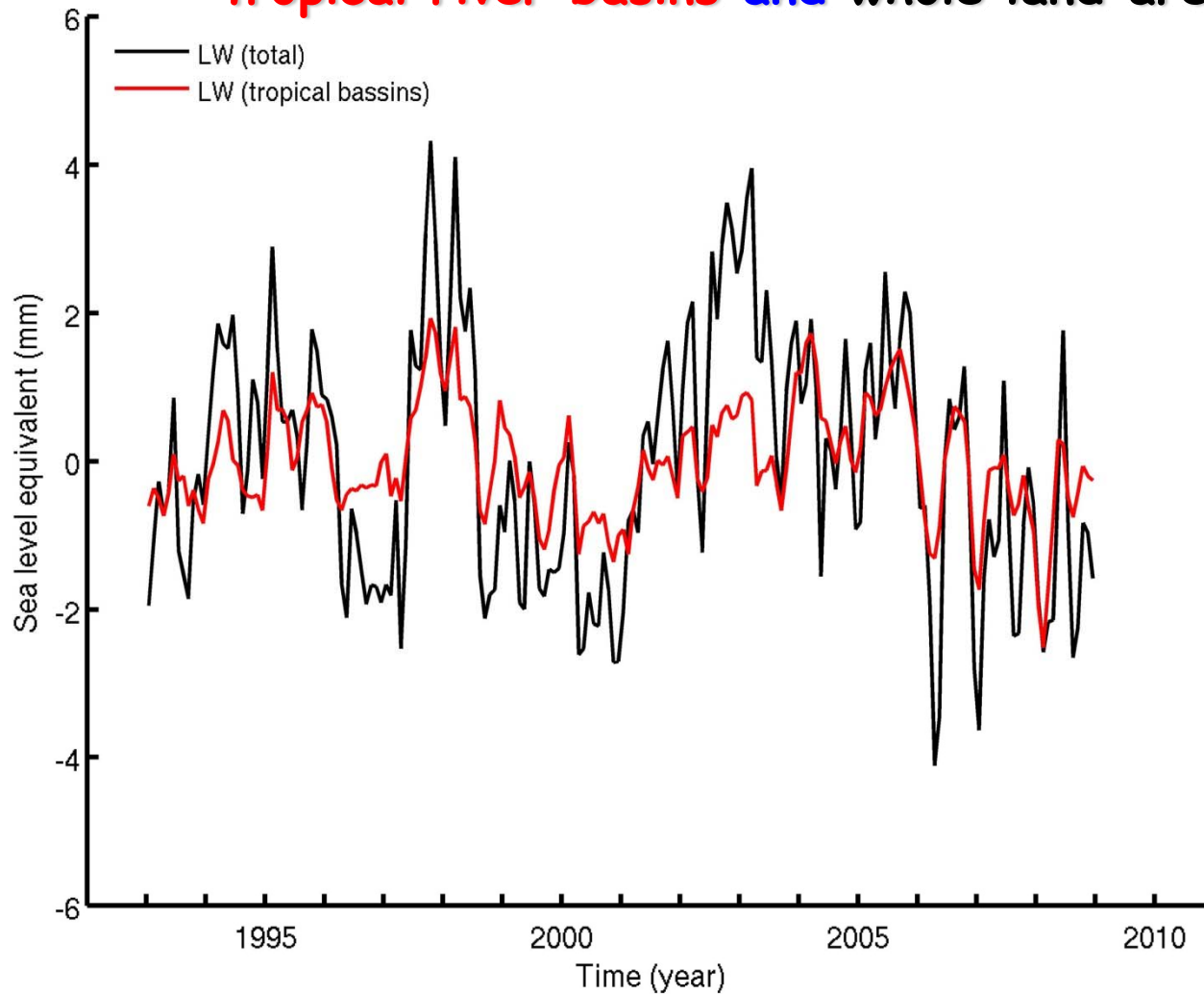
# Land water storage change (mm ESL)



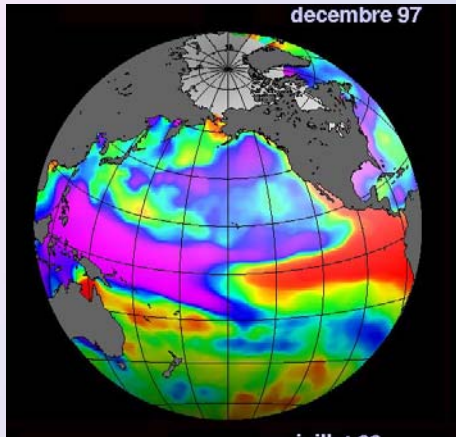
Contribution to sea level  
of total  
water storage change  
in the Amazon  
and La Plata basins  
(and sum of both)

-----  
Expressed  
in equivalent sea level (ESL)  
(mm)

# Contributions to sea level of tropical river basins and whole land area



*Expressed in equivalent sea level*



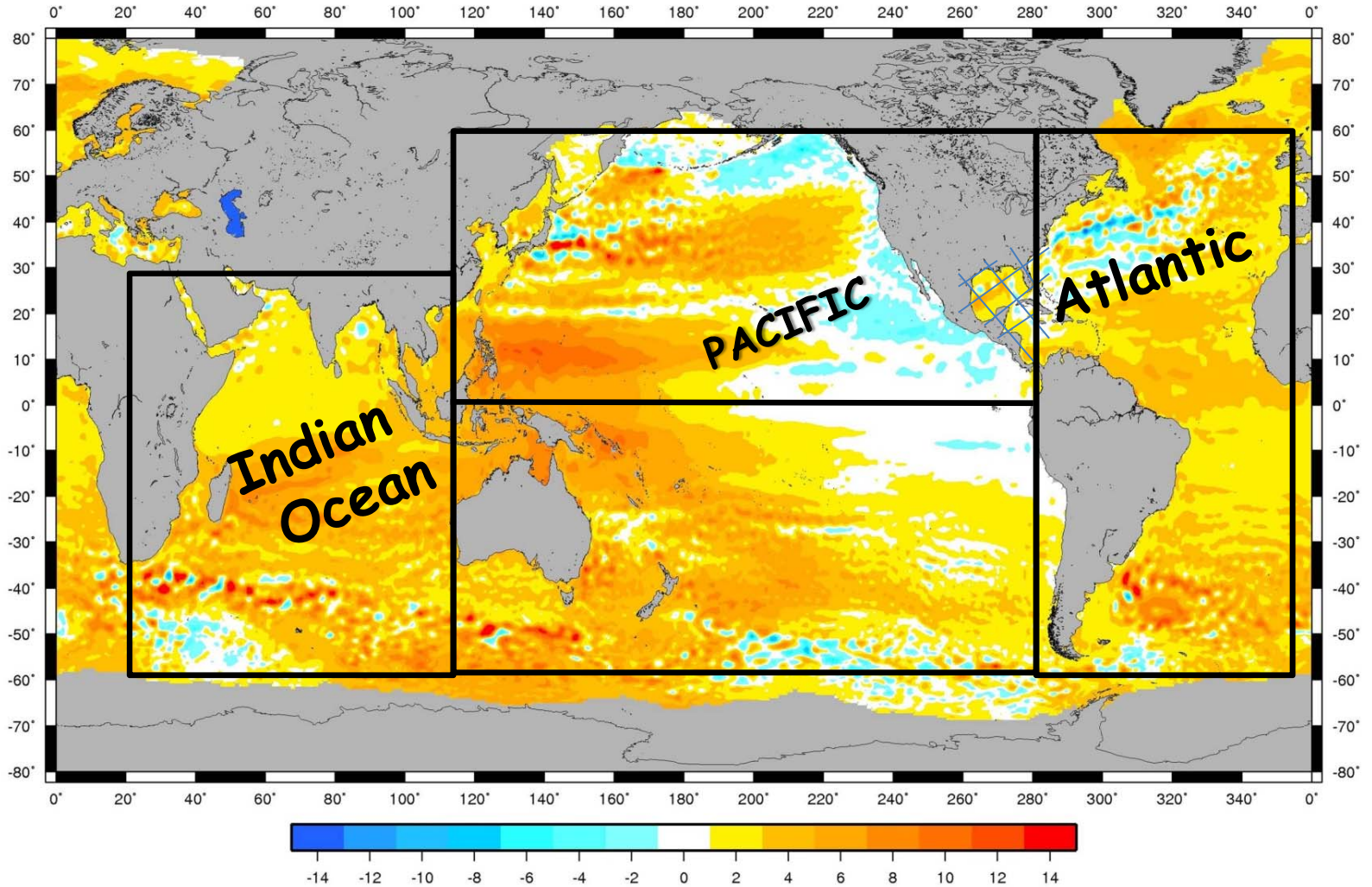
**El Nino → More rain over oceans  
Less rain over land**

*(e.g., Gu & Adler 2011)*

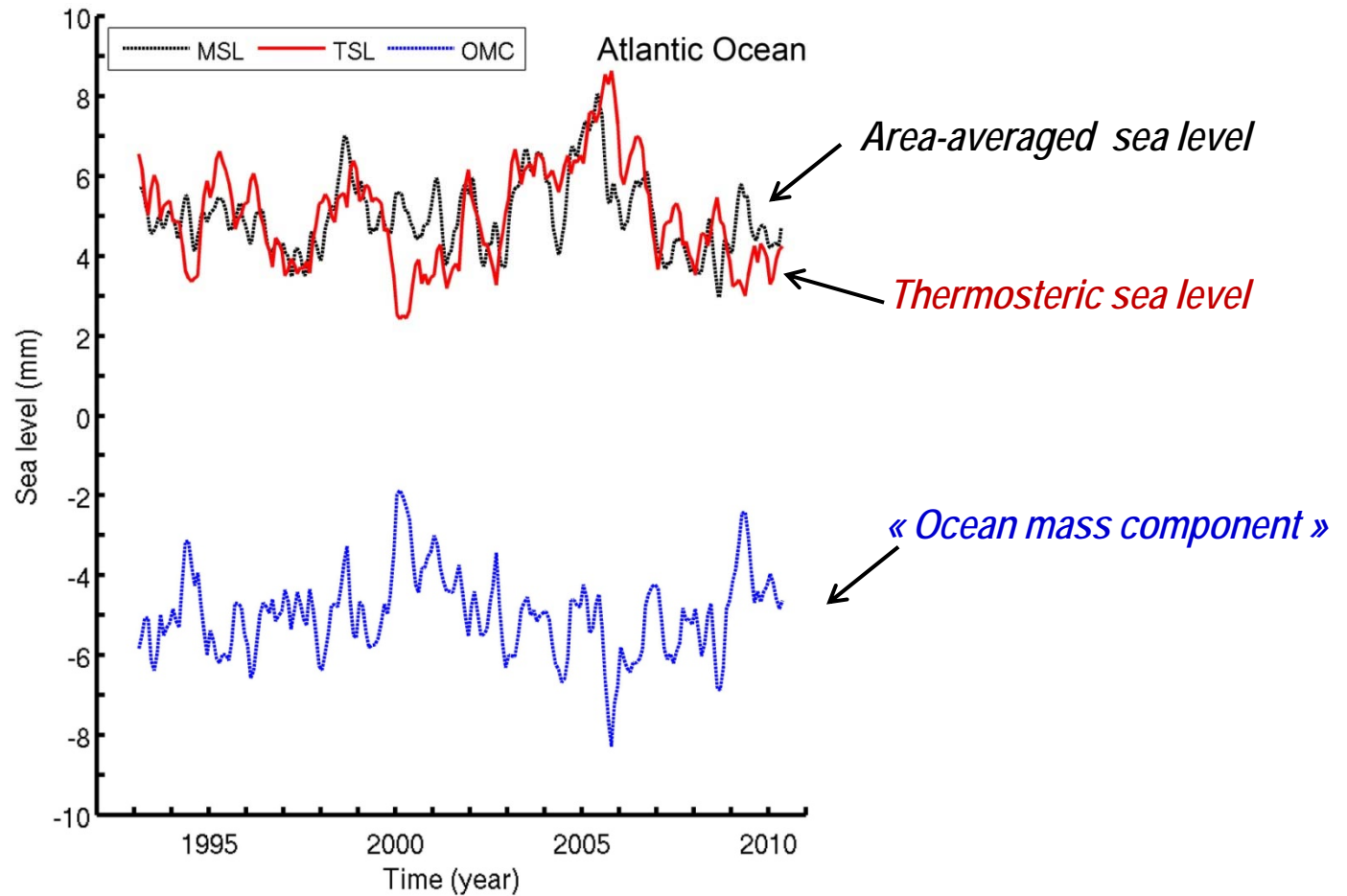
**Which ocean basin is responsible for the positive (negative) anomaly seen in the global mean sea level during El Nino (La Nina)?**



# Area-averaging of altimetry-based sea level data

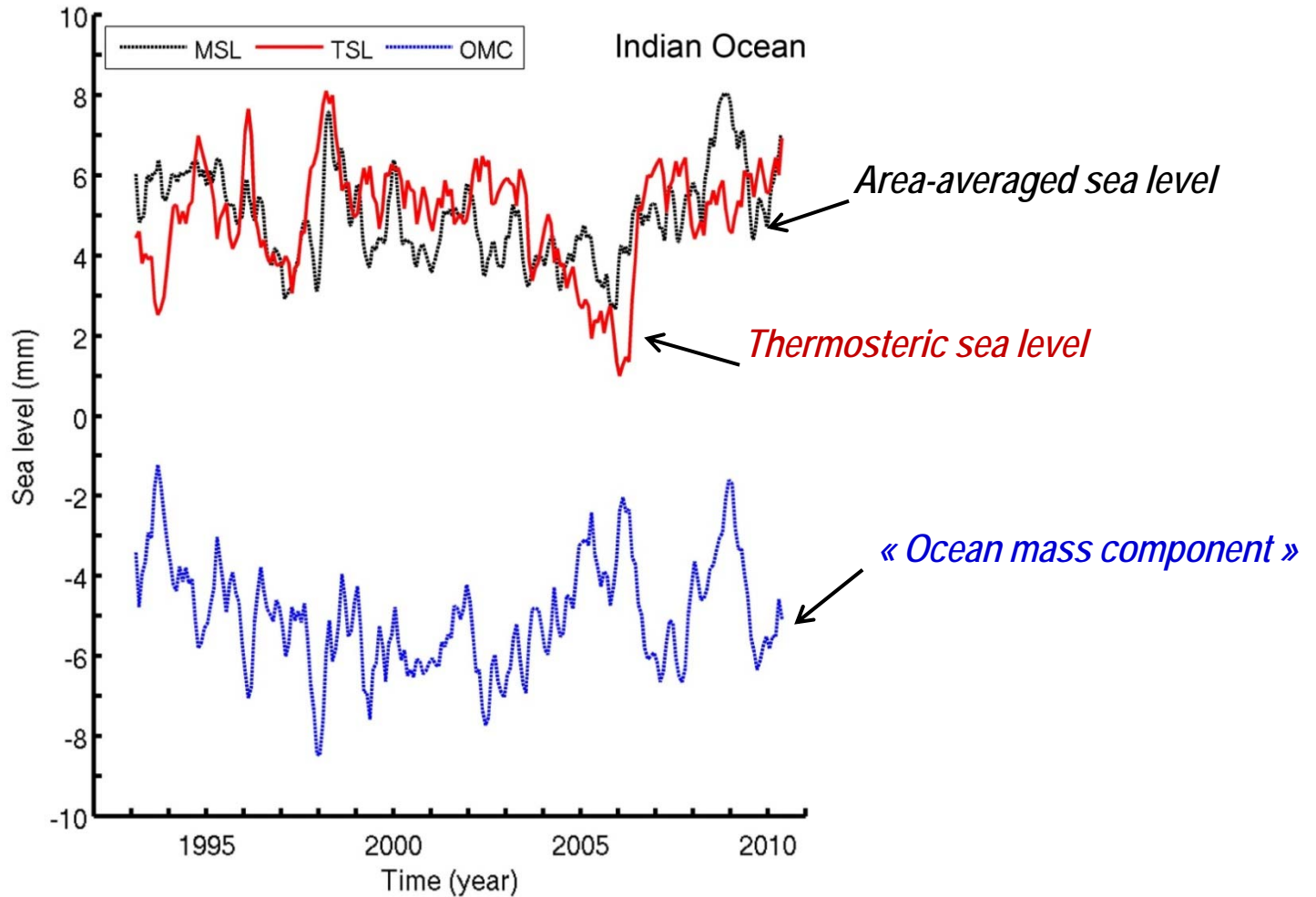


# Atlantic Ocean



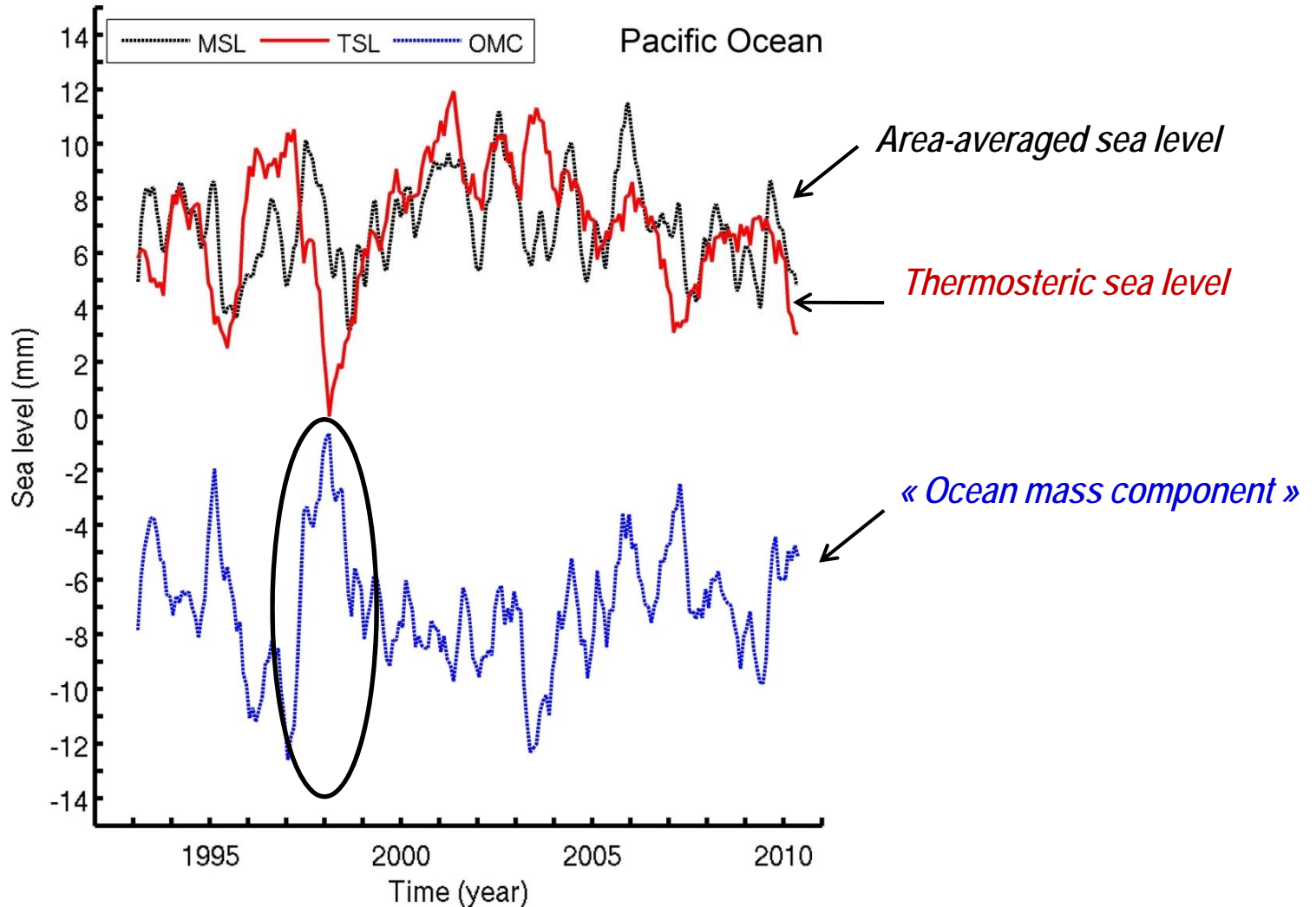
*Weighting by the ratio of the averaging area to the total ocean surface*

# Indian Ocean



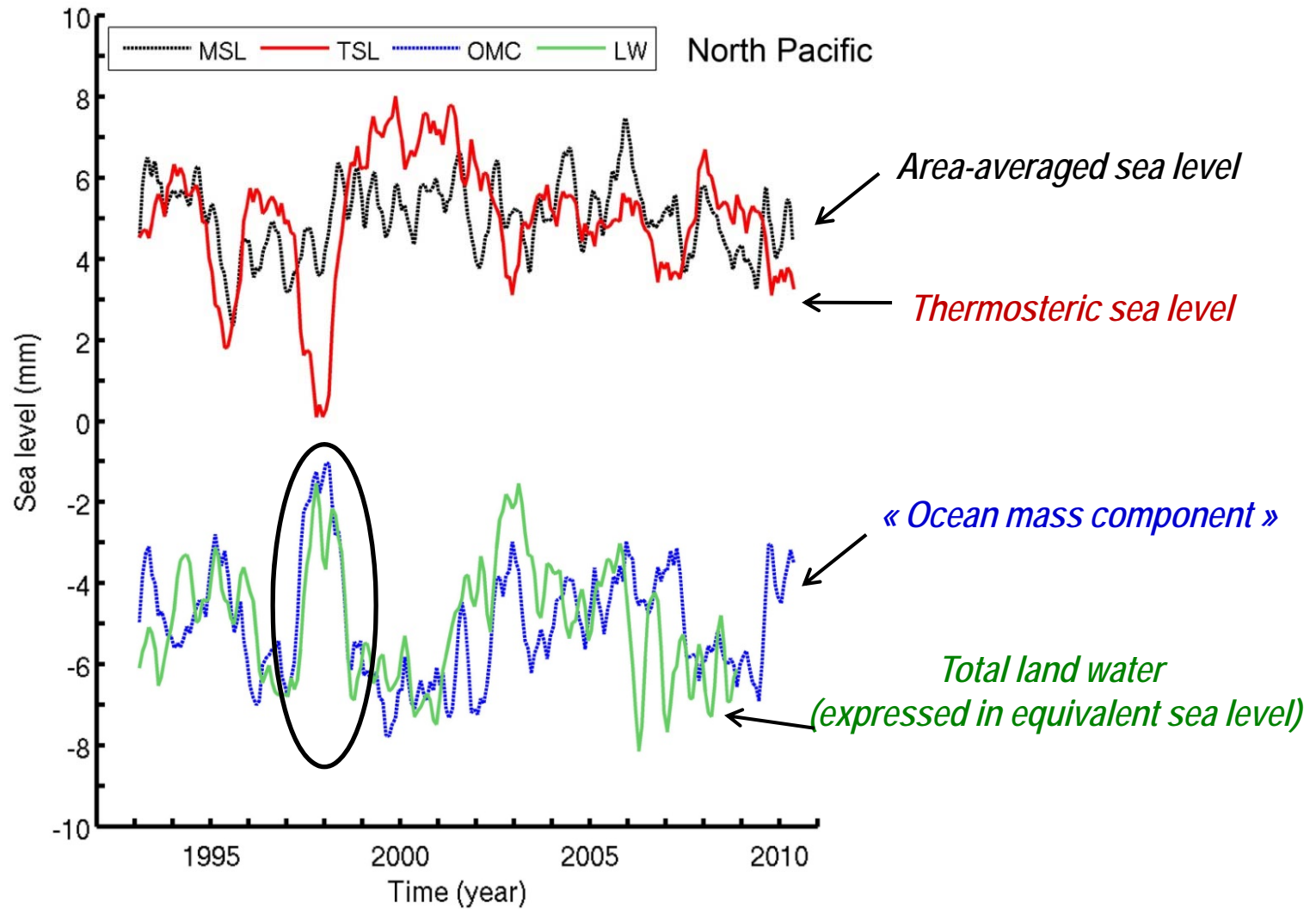
*Weighting by the ratio of the averaging area to the total ocean surface*

# Pacific Ocean



*Weighting by the ratio of the averaging area to the total ocean surface*

# North Pacific Ocean



*Weighting by the ratio of the averaging area to the total ocean surface*

# North Pacific water budget

- $dW_{np}/dt = P - E + \cancel{R}$  oceanic water balance
- $P - E = -(dP_{water}/dt + \text{div}Q)$  atmospheric water balance

$W_{np}$  : north Pacific ocean mass

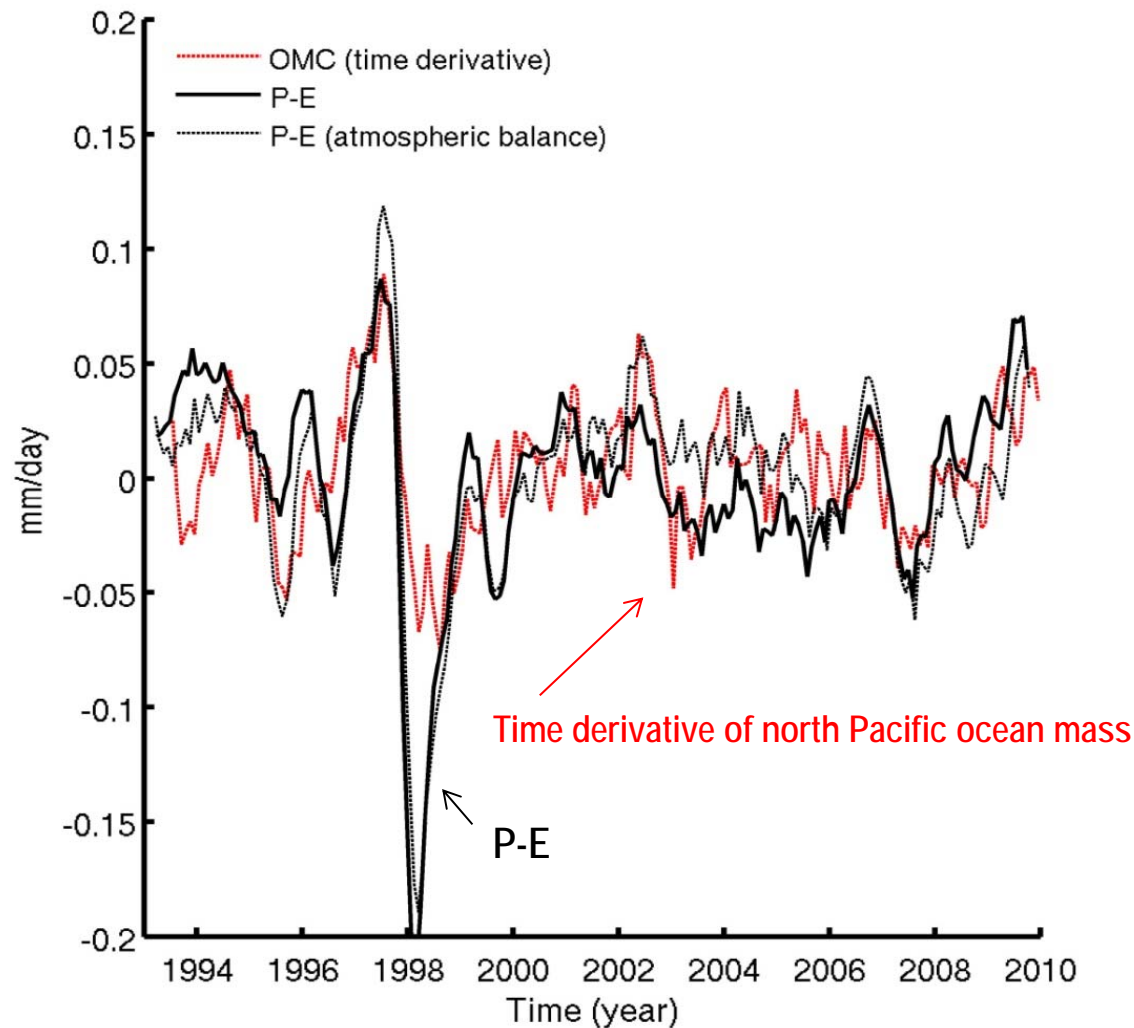
$P$  : precipitation,  $E$  : evaporation;  $R$  : runoff

$P_{water}$  : precipitable water

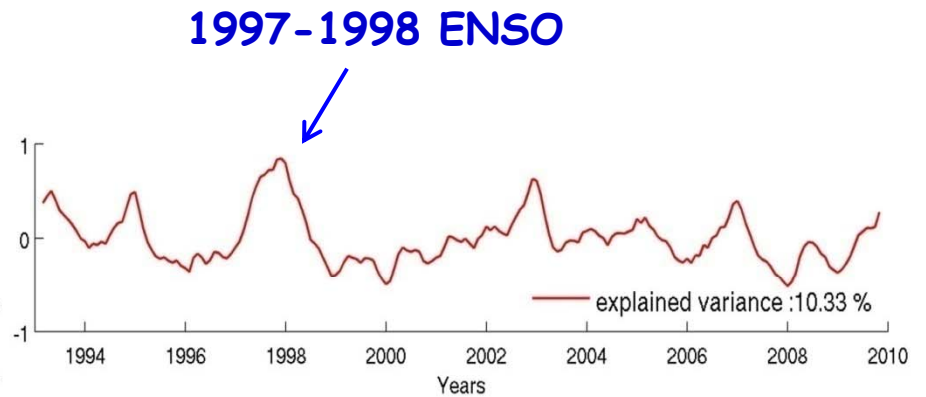
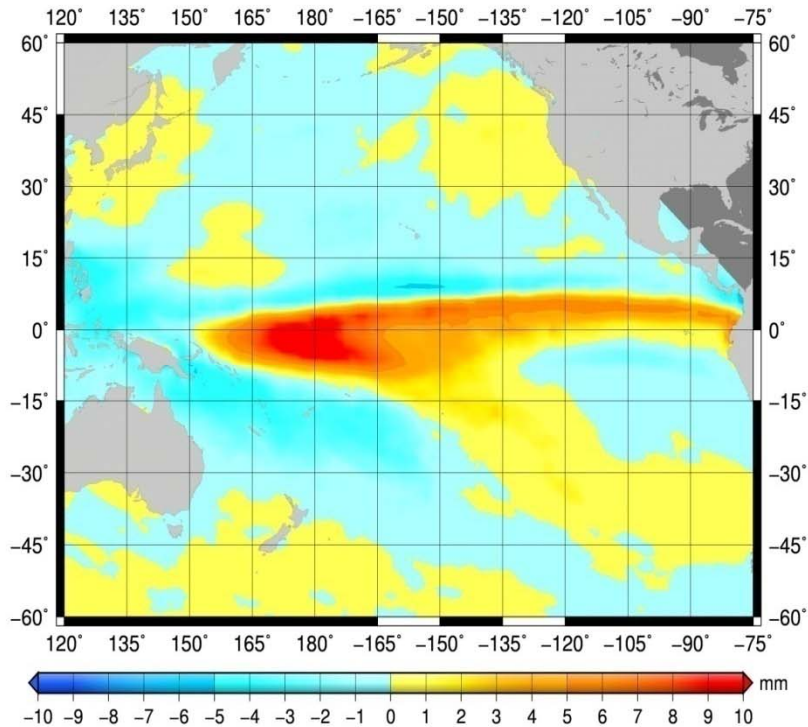
$\text{div}Q$  : moisture flux divergence

*Data from ERA-Interim*

# Time derivative of the North Pacific ocean mass and P-E



# 1<sup>st</sup> mode of the P-E EOF decomposition over the Pacific



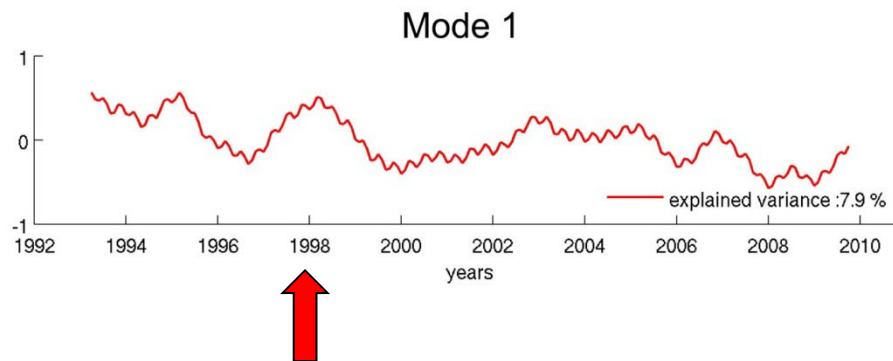
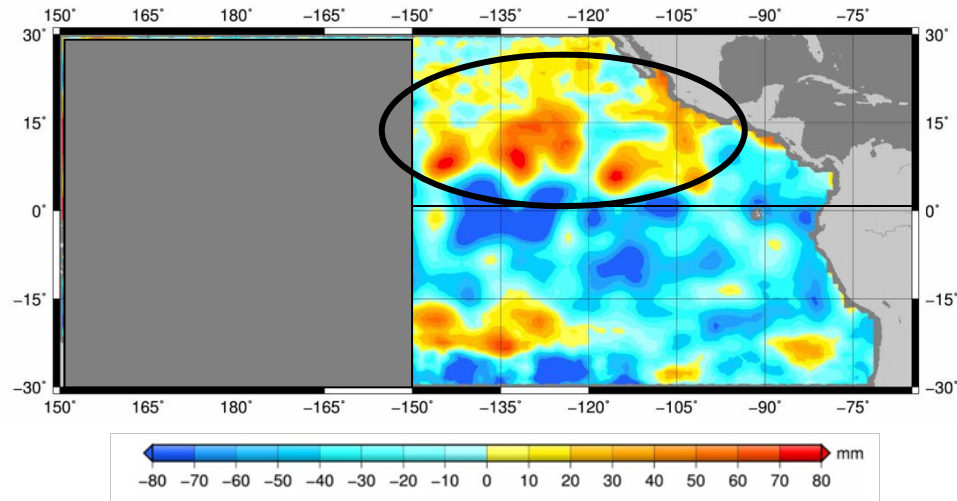


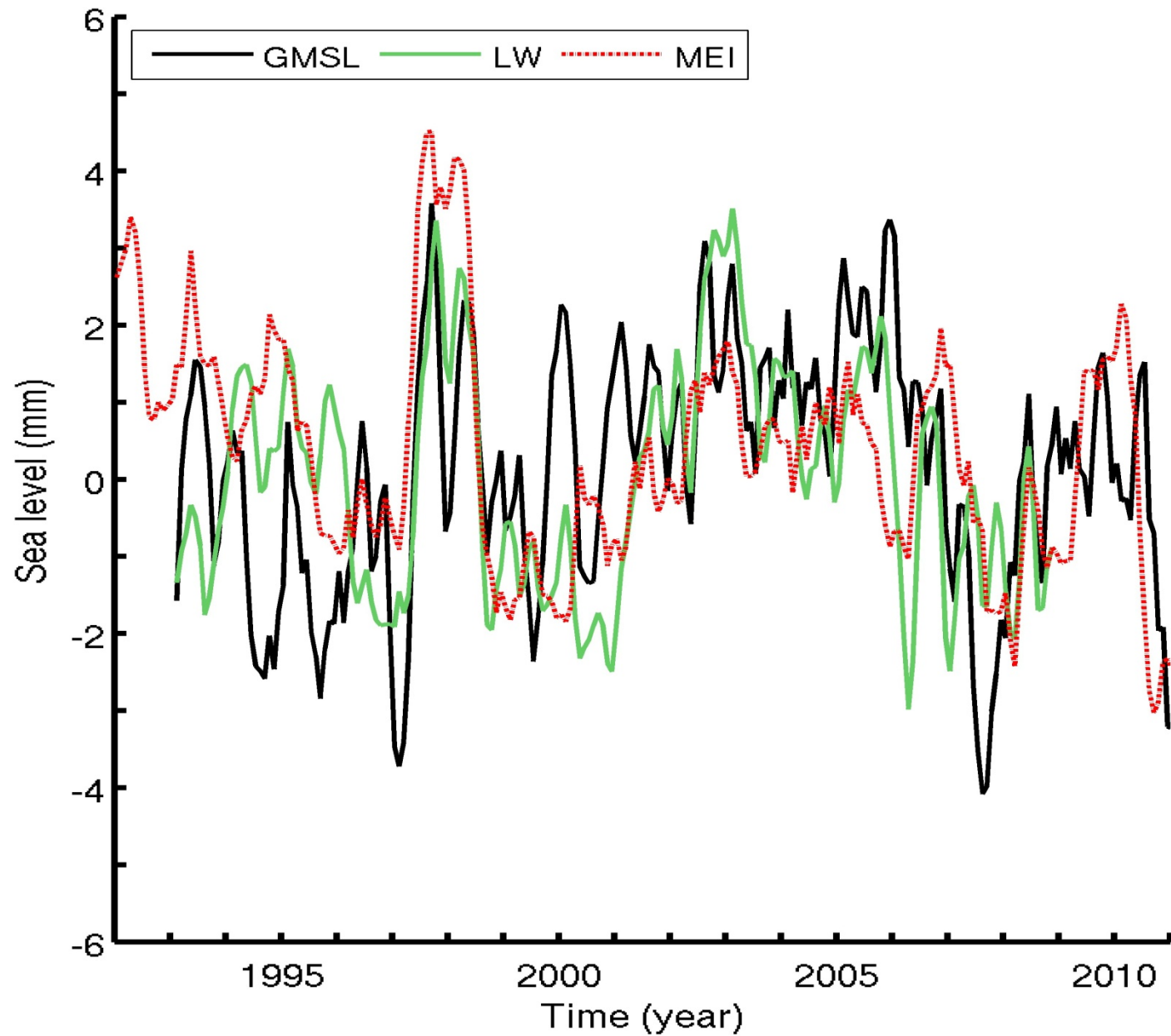
# Conclusions

- Interannual variability of the global mean sea level directly related to ENSO-driven changes in the global water cycle
- The positive anomaly of the global mean sea level seen during El Nino essentially due to (tropical) north Pacific ocean mass increase
- North Pacific ocean mass increase during El Nino well explained by net precipitation (P-E) increase in that region
- Positive (P-E) anomaly asymmetrical wrt equator during El Nino
- Dominant role of the tropical north Pacific but whole north Pacific involved

**Thanks for your attention**

# 1st mode of the EOF decomposition of the eastern tropical Pacific ocean mass





# Detrended global mean sea level and total land water storage

