Latest Results for the absolute calibration of Jason and HY-2 using Gavdos/Crete permanent calibration facility

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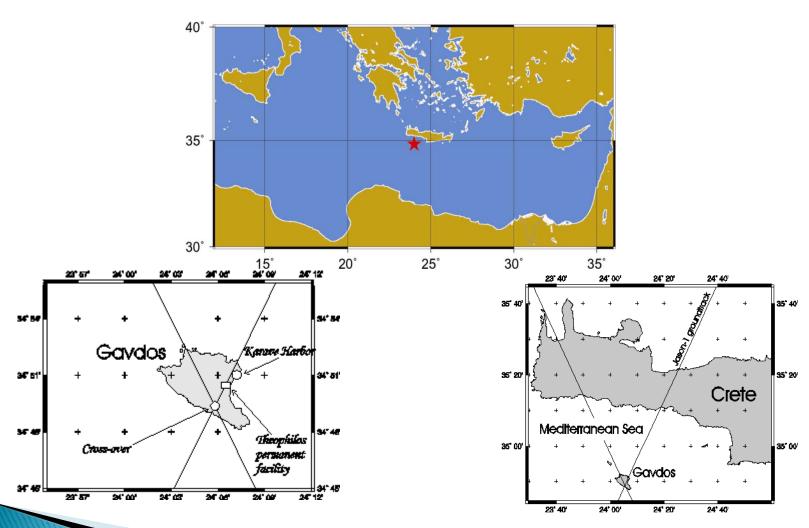
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6. Danish Space Centre, Copenhagen, Denmark





Gavdos Permanent Facility



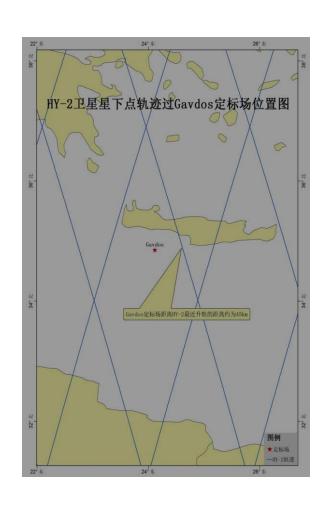




HY-2 Ground tracks over Crete



- CRS1 is the Cal/Val site for HY-2
- Only 10 km away from PCA
- South & north track for HY-2 calibration

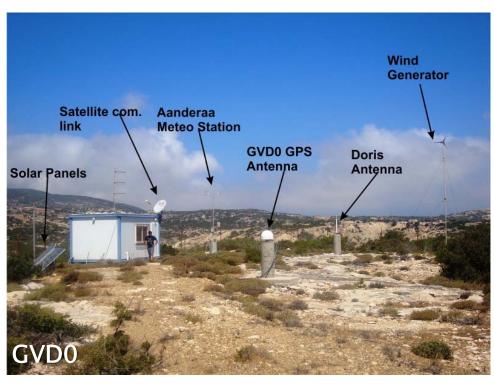






Gavdos and West Crete Facilities

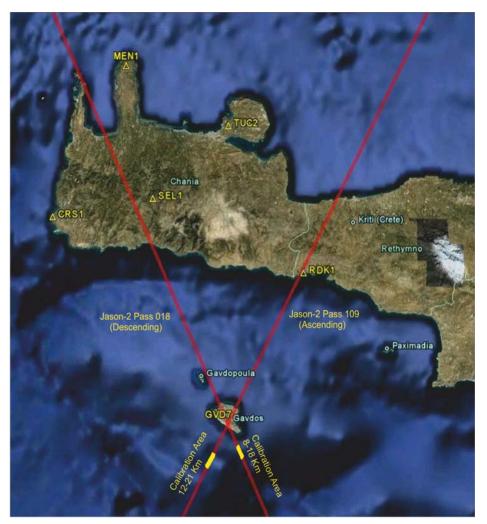








Jason-2 Calibrating regions

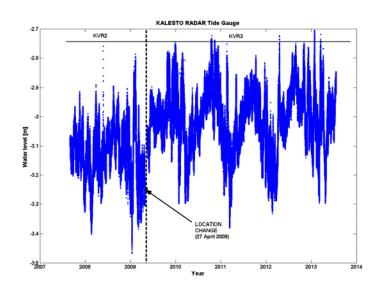






Estimating sea level at gauges

- Four types of tide gauges, 2 GNSS receivers;
- Different measuring conditions (well, dock, ..)
- Robust linear fit using 1-hour data records;
- Weighted value for estimating sea level.

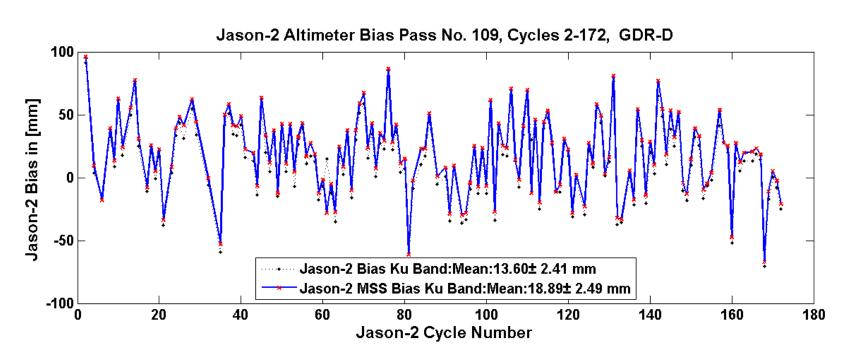


$$W(t)=a1*L1(t)+...+a4*L4(t)$$





Jason-2 bias along pass No.109

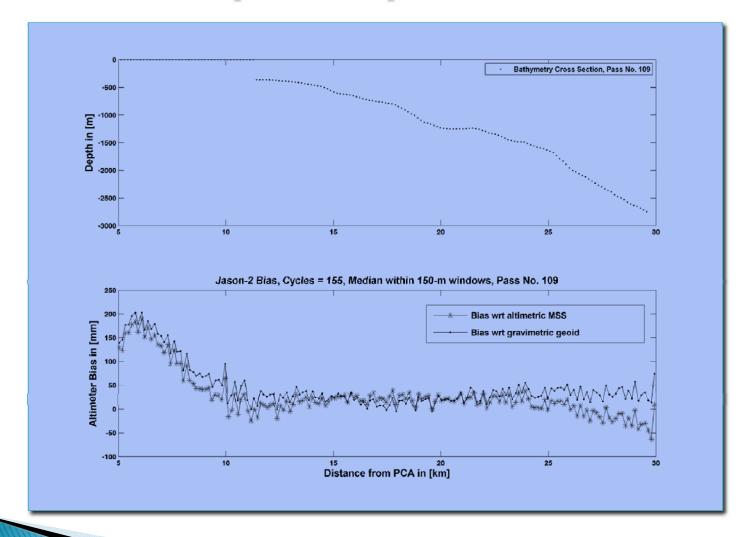


- GDR-D , Cycles:2-172;
- GOCE dynamic topography; Cal region 17.7km-24 km;
- Bias = 13.6 mm±2.4 mm, using local geoid model;
- Bias = 18.9 mm ±2.5 mm, using altimetric MSS reference





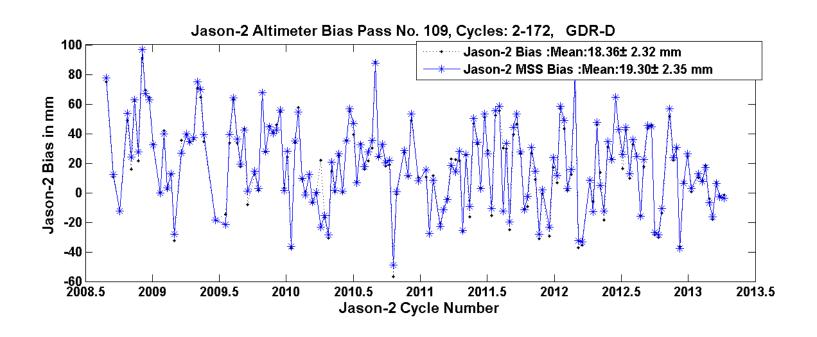
Bias, bathymetry and distance







Jason-2 bias along pass No.109

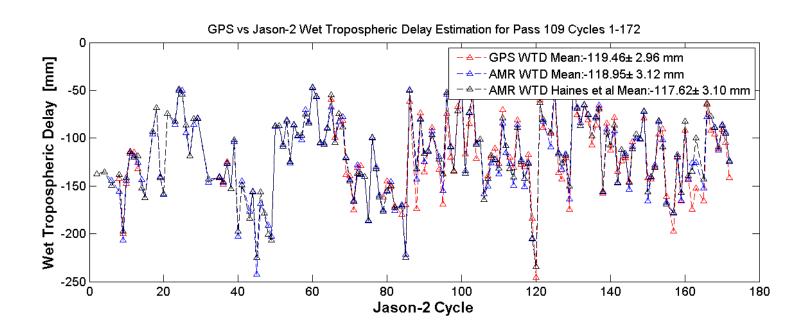


- GDR-D , Cycles:2-172;
- GOCE dynamic topography; Cal region 12.5km-24 km;
- Bias = 18.3 mm±2.3 mm, using local geoid model;
- Bias = $19.3 \text{ mm} \pm 2.3 \text{ mm}$, using altimetric MSS reference





Wet troposphere delays



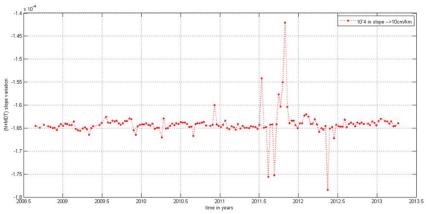
[AMR wet tropo]-[GNSS wet tropo]= +2mm ±3mm; Cycles=2-172, GAMIT, meteo site data; GIPSY Processing with GPT model, bias= -11mm.





Sea level slopes & seismic events





- Locations of earthquake in 2011-2013, Magnitude larger than M=4;
- On 27-Sept-2011, M=4.7, located close to Jason-2 satellite orbit;
- The large peak on the diagram showing the difference in slopes between SSH and SLA happens on 29-Sept-2011;
- IB have been removed from both SSH and SLA.





Calibrating HY-2 using CRS1

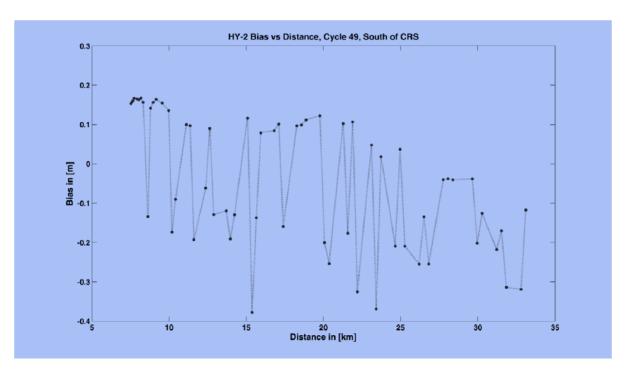


- I-GDR files: Cycle No. 19-22 (19 June-14 Aug, 2012);
- Models for ionosphere, dry and wet troposphere, and Sea State Bias.
- 1-Hz Data, Time-tagging problems, Missing values in orbit.
- \rightarrow HY-2 Bias = 2.879 m (Preliminary in 2012, Pass No.280)





Calibrating HY-2, CRS1, west Crete

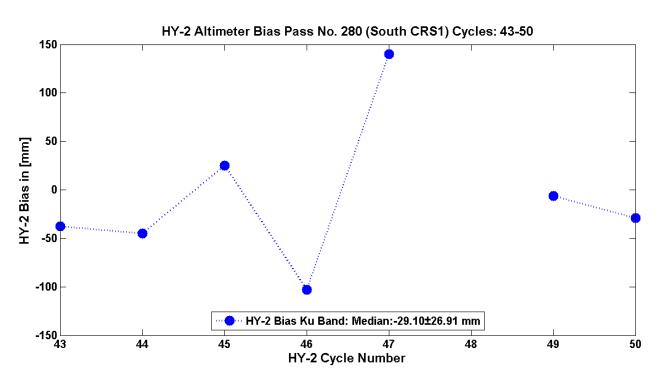


Bias values in Cycle=49 as function of distance, South leg.





HY-2 altimeter bias



Cycles: 43–50, I–GDR data, 20–Hz, Cycle=48 contains no SSB, Calibrating regions: 9–16 km (south), 10–18 km (north), Median bias= -29 mm ± 27 mm, Mean = -1.3 mm ± 40 mm Wet and dry tropo values from ECMWF model.

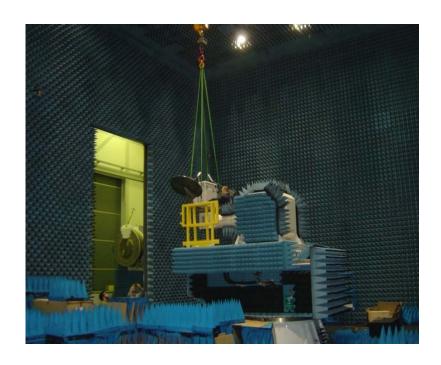




Transponder Status

- Fully characterized, March-July, 2012 in ESTEC;
- Transponder is now operational for Cryosat-2.









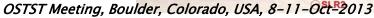
Transponder Cal/Val at SLR2







Reference Level







Crysoat-2 calibration successful

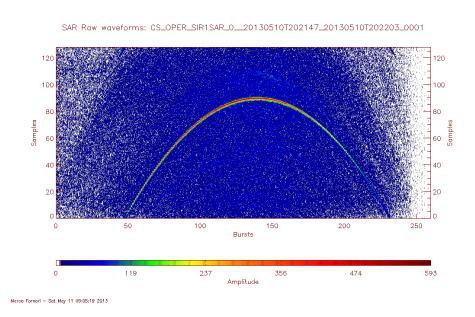
Site: SLR2 in North West Crete

Time: 10-May-2013, 20 21 47 UTC

Lat=N 35 32' 05.05'', Long= E24 04' 03.6962386'',

Ellipsoid Height= 156.275 m



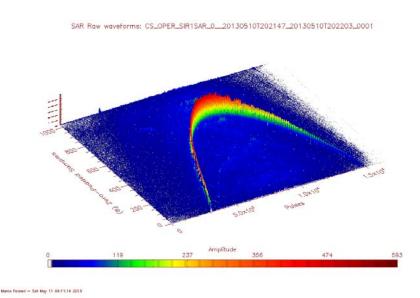


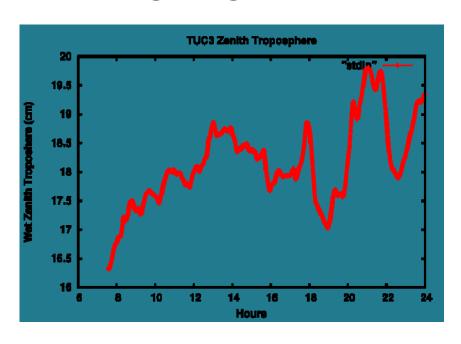




Cryosat-2 transponder Cal/Val

- ▶ Cryosat-2 bias: B = 0.638m (from FBR data)
- ▶ Time: 10-May-2013, 20 21 47 UTC
- Cryosat-2 calibrations are on-going.

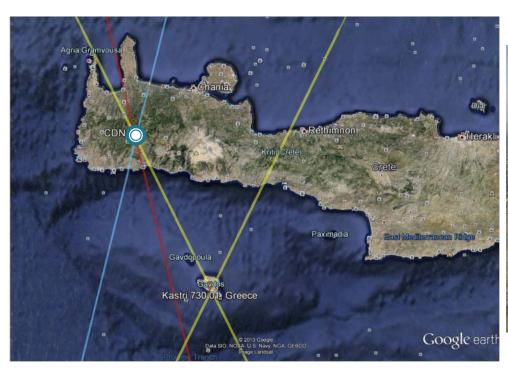








Transponder CDN2site, West Crete





Jason-2 mission will be used to perform a calibration of the surrounding terrain at the new location.





Conclusions

- Jason-2 altimeter bias (GDR-D, Cycle=2-172, within 12.5-24 km south of Gavdos):
 - $B = +18.3 \text{ mm} \pm 2.4 \text{ mm}$, (geoid reference);
 - $B = +19.3 \text{ mm} \pm 2.3 \text{ mm}$ (MSS reference);
- AMR Wet Troposphere against GNSS:
 - Pass No. 109: +2mm ± 3 mm.
- Calibration of HY-2, I-GDR, 20-Hz:
 - $B=-29mm \pm 27 \text{ mm (median)}; =-1.3mm \pm 40 \text{ mm}$
- Transponder operates now for Cryosat-2;
- Permanent ESA transponder calibration site at CDN2 in 2014 for Sentinel-3 and Jason missions.





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 - Sentinel-3 science team (Mavrocordatos, Donlon),
 - Cryosat-2: (Parrinello, Fornari),

